

INJUNCTION SUIT BROUGHT TO TEST FRONTAGE TAX LAW

Action Begun By McCandless
Would Restrain Sale of Prop-
erty For Assessment

PROCEEDINGS LIKELY
TO BE CARRIED HIGHER

Sale Was To Have Been Held
This Noon and Application
Was Filed Yesterday

Test in the courts of the power of the city and county to enforce collection of assessments under the Frontage Tax Law will be obtained through an action in injunction which was filed yesterday afternoon in the office of the clerk of the circuit court. It is expected that the application for the writ will be taken up this morning and that a temporary injunction will issue pending the arguments for a permanent injunction. The writ was filed by P. L. Weaver, attorney for L. L. McCandless. Whichever side wins, it is expected that the case will be carried through the supreme court at least.

Denies Commensurate Benefit
The application which was filed yesterday afternoon asks that the county treasurer be restrained from selling certain real estate, the property of L. L. McCandless for an alleged delinquent assessment on such property for the Beretania Street improvement. It alleges that the assessment against the property is levied without the owner of the property having received commensurate benefit and that such owner was within his constitutional rights in refusing to pay the assessment for such improvement, that was levied against his property.

The McCandless property affected by the Beretania Street improvement and to restrain the sale of which this action was brought, has been advertised for sale and was to have been sold this noon. The amount of the tax assessed is less than \$300 while the actual value of the property is said to be in excess of \$10,000. Sale Probably Delayed.

If the temporary injunction be granted, the sale of the property will not be held today as was advertised. If a permanent injunction be not granted continuing a temporary one, it will be for McCandless to carry an appeal to the higher court while in case the permanent writ does issue, it will be the city and county that will appeal.

It has been the contention of McCandless that the Frontage Tax Law as framed cannot be made to "stick" and that a sale under such law would not be valid. He takes this method of testing the law and it is one which can be brought to a more speedy determination than other forms of action. He declared at the outset that he would fight the law and the collection of the assessment against his property and he said in this action he carries out his intention to force the question before the courts for final determination.

MAKE PREPARATION FOR HONOLULU TRIP

Party of Solons Announces Decision To Come and Other
Officials Will Join

WASHINGTON, October 6.—(Associated Press)—The list of acceptances of the congressional party which will visit Honolulu to date are: Senators George E. Chamberlain, of Oregon; William H. King, Utah; Henry L. Meyers, Montana; J. C. W. Beckham, Kentucky; Miles Pontreiter, Washington; Warren G. Harding, Ohio; Charles Curtis, Kansas; Henry F. Ashurst, Arizona; Key Pittman, Nevada. Representatives Oscar E. Bland, Indiana; William Henry Carter, Massachusetts; Warren G. Harding, Ohio; Thomas Gallagher, Illinois; Laddie L. Luzzo, Louisiana; Harold Knutsen, Minnesota; C. Frank Reavis, Nebraska; Irvine L. Lenroot, Wisconsin; Louis W. Fairchild, Indiana; Allen T. Treadway, Massachusetts; Wallace H. White, Jr., Maine; George White, Ohio; William Gordon, Ohio; Samuel J. Nichols, South Carolina; Frank L. Greene, Vermont; Benjamin F. Welby, Ohio; James C. McClinton, Oklahoma; J. Fred C. Talbot, Maryland; Oscar L. Gray, Alabama; Sydney E. Mudd, Maryland; Zebulon Weaver, North Carolina; Walter Kehoe, Florida; Julius Kahn, California; Louis B. Goodall, Maine; Ernest Lundeen, Minnesota; William J. Browning, New Jersey; J. Willard Rodgers, South Carolina; Edward E. Denison, Illinois, and Jeff McLemore of Texas.

W. W. Heas, superintendent of the National botanical gardens, will accompany the party to make a special investigation of climatic conditions and the possibilities of the soil, with a view to future distribution of plants for the Territory.

Several representatives of the department of justice will be with the congressional party.

ISHII GOES TO ATLANTIC CITY FOR NEEDED REST

NEW YORK, October 6.—(Special to Nippon Jiji)—Viscount Ishii and his official party left here yesterday for Atlantic City to be gone for three days to take a rest in the New Jersey resort. Many prominent New Yorkers, among them being Judge Gary, the steel magnate, were at the station to bid the distinguished Japanese goodbye. Viscount Ishii and Lieutenant-Admiral I. Takeshima are both suffering from colds.

CONVICTED SLAYERS DENIED NEW TRIALS

Application For Rehearing of
Cases Against Filipinos Re-
fused By Judge Heen

New trials were denied yesterday morning by Judge Heen to Isidoro Alario, Florencio Bonella, Amador Abeta and Gabriel Verver, who were convicted last week and sentenced to be hanged for the murder of Hayashibara, a Japanese storekeeper of Kaneohe.

It was in this case that affidavits of Eduardo Asuncion, one of the original gang of six Filipinos who played a part in the tragedy, came thick and fast during the week, the first being secured by his attorney, W. T. Carden, "confessing" that he (Asuncion) had testified falsely in court whereby the quartet were convicted; the second to Chief McDuffie, that his testimony in court was the truth and that his affidavit to Carden was false; the third, that his "confession" to McDuffie was false and his first affidavit, correct. Then, later to the attorney-general another conflicting statement was given. Attorney Carden referred to the affidavits he had filed in the case during the week, in which Asuncion took all the blame upon himself for the murder of the Japanese, and asked that with this new evidence, a new trial be granted.

Judge Heen, in declining to permit a new trial, said he could not see how Asuncion could have covered all the other members of the gang into aiding him in the robbery and murder, when he was armed only with a dagger, and the others had two pistols and a knife. Mr. Carden asked to have Asuncion brought into court and make a statement, declaring that the prosecution certainly did not want to see the quartet railroad to death, but this request was also denied.

AUTO IS DITCHED AND DRIVER HURT

Japanese Claims Another Car
Struck Fender of His and
Promises To Sue

In a ditch at the side of the Honolulu-Haleiwa road yesterday there lay the wreck of an automobile. Nearby was a broken concrete power pole. The driver was in a hospital having cuts and slashes on his legs, dressed and cared for. Later he was in consultation with his attorney, J. B. Lightfoot, arranging for entering a suit for damages against the man whom he claimed was responsible for the wreck of the automobile and his subsequent injuries.

About half-past eight o'clock yesterday morning a Japanese named Yehara, a resident of Waipahu, was driving toward town over the Haleiwa-Honolulu road. After passing Pearl City junction, as he was approaching the bridge on the town side of the corner store, his car was struck on the fender, he claims, by an Oakland car, license number 2482, and catapulted over the embankment after striking and breaking the concrete pole. The car was seriously damaged and it was then that Yehara sustained his injuries.

Yehara was driving an Olds car number 3099, belonging to a Japanese named Moriwaki of Waipahu. The Oakland car was driven, Yehara says, by a Portuguese whom he does not name.

No arrests in the case are reported at local police headquarters.

MOTOR SKIDDED; SKULL FRACTURED

W. Gibb, Brother of Plantation
Manager, Badly Injured

William Gibb, an overseer at Waipahu Plantation, lies in a critical condition at the Queen's Hospital, as a result of a motorcycle accident, which happened in front of the Metropolitan Meat Market at nine-thirty last night. Gibb was riding on the tandem seat of the machine, which was being operated by L. Lorence, a timekeeper at the same plantation, when the wheel caught in a car track in attempting to turn out for a passing car. The motorcycle skidded and went over both riders being thrown some distance. They were taken to the emergency hospital, where an examination by Dr. R. G. Ayer revealed a possible fracture of the skull in the case of Gibb. Lorence escaped with a skinned arm and some bruises. Gibb was taken to the Queen's Hospital in the emergency ambulance, where he was placed in the care of Dr. James R. Judd.

James Gibb, manager of Honolulu Plantation, who was notified of his brother's accident by The Advertiser came to the city without loss of time. Mr. Gibb was still unconscious up to a late hour last night.

STRIKE LEADERS ARE SEVERELY PUNISHED

MADRID, October 5.—(Associated Press)—Officials are using drastic measures to break up the strike which for some time has disorganized the industries of the country, and today five leaders, who had been placed under arrest, were sentenced to a life term of imprisonment in solitary confinement.

SHIPS WRECKED; HUNDREDS KILLED

Typhoon Sweeps Chinese Coast
Killing Residents and Destroy-
ing Vast Amount of Shipping

A report that has been delayed in transmission owing to atmospheric disturbances has just come to hand containing the first news of what is likely to prove one of the most formidable outbreaks of that particularly destructive Oriental weather phenomenon, the typhoon, says the Daily Journal of Commerce of San Francisco. The trouble occurred when the storm struck the populous port of Amoy, China, and created havoc among the craft then in harbor, among which could be counted a number of American, European and Japanese vessels, besides the innumerable petty craft, coasting and fishing, of the Chinese. Six hundred Chinese were killed.

It will still be some time before an adequate estimate of the destruction wrought to American shipping through this particularly vicious example of the sort of trouble the weather god brews in Far Eastern regions. Not only the vessels which were in Amoy harbor, but it is supposed by local shipping men, a quantity of tonnage upon the high seas may have been within the fatal radius of the disturbance.

Communication with neighboring coast towns is still cut off, another factor preventing an immediate estimate of the full damage. In Amoy and a harbor nearby, eighty-five per cent of the smaller craft was destroyed. Out of two hundred fishing vessels in one small island port, only sixteen remained. The commandeered former German steamship Keong-Wai, is on the Kulang rocks and is considered irretrievable. Another steamer, the Kangoo, owned and operated by general merchandise carrying, was likewise swept onto the Kulang rocks and the outlook for her recovery is dubious. The Japanese steamship Amakusa Maru was driven onto the rocky coast and doubts are also entertained regarding this vessel. The same fate awaited the British vessel Shanghai, which made the beach near Amoy.

Local shipping circles are anxiously awaiting further news so that the full extent of the disaster may be reckoned.

MORE JAPANESE SHIPS FOR HAWAII SERVICE

Toyo Kisen Kaisha Will Charter
Freighters Immediately

Should the Coastwise Shipping Law be suspended so as to permit free and unrestricted traffic for foreign vessels between this port and San Francisco the Toyo Kisen Kaisha would immediately place more freight and passenger steamers on the run, according to Captain Kinetake, commander of an Orient Line liner, which visited this port yesterday.

The company will immediately charter more freighters for use in this service, but the captain believes it will be as late as next April before any of the liners now building are completed. Even though passengers from the mainland would be permitted to travel upon Japanese ships, Captain Kinetake does not know how his company would view the shorter haul.

WHOLE VILLAGES ARE DESTROYED BY FLOOD

TOKIO, October 6.—(Special to Nippon Jiji)—Today has marked another big increase in the toll of the great storm and flood which swept practically every part of Japan early in the week. The toll in Tokyo and vicinities, where the damage has been most heavily done, today stands as follows:

In Tokyo prefecture—Houses destroyed and carried away, 7,000; houses submerged, 130,000.

In China prefecture—Houses destroyed and carried away, 12,000.

In Ibaragi prefecture—Houses destroyed and carried away, 11,000.

In Tokyo prefecture three villages—Suna-mura, Kama-mura and Hinoda-mura, were so completely devastated by the storm and flood that not a single house in the three villages has been spared.

The suffering among the stricken people is growing more and more in tense every day. The government is taking every precaution to help the victims, who are now being fed at government expense.

R. Nakasheji, minister of agriculture and commerce, today declared that the prices on provisions and woods, which are now already gaining a high mark, must be regulated and controlled to relieve the victims of suffering. The regulation will be put in effect immediately.

ANTHRAX QUARANTINE GUARD MEETS DEATH

Last Thursday Lota Lili, special guard in connection with the anthrax quarantine at the Hanalei bridge, was mounting his horse to return to his home when the animal suddenly took fright and bolted, says last Tuesday's Journal of Lihue, Kauai. The rider was thrown, falling on his back on the hard macadam road with such force that fatal results followed almost immediately.

The deceased was a relative of Representative J. K. Lota, and lived for many years at Niihau. He was very highly thought of, and will be very much missed by a large circle of friends both here and in Hanalei.

ISLAND-BRED BEEF MUCH IMPROVED IN PAST YEAR

No Reason Why Meat and Milk
of Territory Cannot Be
Produced Here

ECONOMIC IMPORTANCE
OF COUNTY FAIRS

Interest in Live Stock Breeding
and Raising Stimulated By
Comparison of Results

The recent rise of one cent a pound wholesale on all grades of beef should lead to a renewed interest in the raising of cattle for beef within the Territory. Suitable pasturage is available for the larger ranches and a large measure of success has already been achieved by those who have attempted the improvement of the strain of beef cattle in Hawaii.

Dr. L. N. Case is the author of a valuable paper on the subject of cattle-raising in the Territory and the progress made in that field during the past year. A good word is also said for the value of county fairs in the encouragement of the stock raisers. Dr. Case's paper follows:

In the eleven months from June, 1916, to May, 1917, there was imported into the Territory canned beef, bacon and hams totaling 1,616,735 pounds, having a total valuation of \$368,106.90. These products could and should be produced here. Experts in this line could be obtained and a suitable building erected. The above figures would seem to show an agreeable margin of profit.

In the above mentioned period dressed poultry to the value of over \$500,000 was imported, also over 36,000 live chickens and turkeys for slaughter. Little interest has been taken in the raising of poultry either for meat or for egg production. The climatic conditions are unexcelled. There is a freedom from poultry diseases not found in many parts of the world. The most serious menace—contagious epiphallomiasis—can now be controlled through vaccination. The present high price of feeds has no doubt exerted considerable restraining influence.

Grass Feeding

Grain feeding of cattle and sheep for the market has never been undertaken here to any extent. It is a field for future development and offers a valuable means of rounding out underweight stock and tiding over a period of drought. The best grass fattened cattle or sheep here compare very favorably with the specially market fed cattle elsewhere and are as a rule superior to grass-fed cattle on the mainland. This method of finishing cattle and sheep will undoubtedly be taken up by some of the ranches in the near future.

In this connection it may be stated that a system of grading beef according to the quality and condition should be established together with a corresponding scale of prices. By doing this the breeder will receive the full value he is entitled to according to his efforts to improve his stock.

Cows for Homesteaders

As homesteading is being considered more and more and a greater amount of land being devoted to that purpose each year, it will appear that the homesteader could not materially to his profit if he kept a few good cows. Such cows would not only be required to produce milk, cream and butter in good supply, but should be expected to raise a calf each year that could profitably be utilized in consuming the grass and roughage of the farm or homestead. They should be fed good home-grown crops.

The above requisites are met with in the milking strain of shorthorn more than in any other breed. They have been bred to give a large quantity of milk of good quality and when they are no longer profitable as milkers they can be fattened easily and bring a considerable profit as beef. Excellent examples of this breed may be seen at the Alexander Young Dairy, where they have been in use for some years. They are cattle well worthy the consideration of the present and future home tender.

A word about fairs—The part played by County, State and Territorial fairs in the promotion and development of all branches of agriculture cannot be overestimated. They have helped more than any other one thing, to build up and maintain our present high agricultural standards.

Fairs Valuable
From our occasional dog and poultry show has evolved the idea of a County Fair in which shall be represented the various industries of these islands. The people of this Territory have now fully awakened to the immense advantage of such fairs as a means of advertising and displaying in concrete form the results of individual effort in all branches of industry. The friendly rivalry and competition for prizes will, more than anything else stimulate increased activity in all branches of agricultural and mechanical art.

We have held two such fairs and they have exerted great influence on the annual industry here. Practically all exhibits were features in themselves, but the one which perhaps created the most interest and which was also a source of considerable astonishment to many was the exhibit of Hawaiian bred live stock of various classes. This exhibit included several pure bred, pedigreed Hereford bulls, bred and raised on the Parker Ranch and representing some of the best blood to be

Honolulu Wholesale Produce Market

Quotations
ISSUED BY THE TERRITORIAL
MARKETING DIVISION
October 5, 1917

Wholesale Only.

SMALL CONSUMERS CANNOT BUY AT THESE PRICES

Island butter, lb.	None	Hens, lb.	.35 to .37
Eggs, select, doz.	.70	Turkeys, lb.	.50
Eggs, No. 1, doz.	.68	Ducks, Musc. lb.	.30
Eggs, Duck, doz.	.50	Ducks, Pekin, lb.	.30
Young roasters, lb.	.43 to .45	Ducks, Haw. dozen	7.00

Beans, string, green	.63	Peanuts, lg. lb.	None
Beans, string, wax	.64	Peanuts, sm. lb.	None
Beans, Lima in pot.	.64	Green peppers, bell	.06
Beans, Calico, red	.85 to 9.00	Green peppers, chili	.05
Beans, small white	.12 to .13	Potatoes, lg. Irish	.30 to .32
Pens, dry la, cwt.	None	Potatoes, sweet, red	1.00
Beets, doz. bunches	.30	Taro, cwt.	1.50 to 2.00
Carrots, doz. bunches	.40	Taro, bunch	.15
Cabbage, cwt.	3.00 to 3.50	Tomatoes	.05
Corn, sweet 100 ears	2.50 to 3.00	Green peas, lb.	None
Corn, Haw. sm. yel.	.75.00 to 80.00	Cucumbers, dozen	.25 to .30
Corn, Haw. lg. yel.	.65.00 to 75.00	Pumpkins, lb.	.02 1/2
Rice, Japan seed, cwt.	6.50		
Rice, Haw. seed, cwt.	6.50		

FRUIT

Bananas, Chinese, bu.	.20 to .40	Limes, 100	.90 to 1.00
Bananas, cooking, bunch	1.00 to 1.25	Pineapples, cwt.	1.50
Figs, 100	.90	Papayas, lb.	.01 1/2
Grapes, Isabella, lb.	.10	Watermelons, lb.	.04 to .05

LIVESTOCK

Cattle and sheep are not bought at live weight. They are slaughtered and paid for on a dressed weight basis.		Hogs up to 150 lbs.	.19
Beef, lb.	.14 1/2 to .15	Mutton, lb.	.18 to .19
Veal, lb.	.14 to .15	Pork, lb.	.20 to .24

HIDES, WET SALTED

Steer, No. 1, lb.	.18	Kips, lb.	.18
Steer, No. 2, lb.	.16	Goat, white, each	.20 to .30
Steer, hair slip	.16		

FEED

The following are quotations on feed, f. o. b. Honolulu:

Corn, sm. yel., ton	90.00	Oats, ton	85.00
Corn, lg. yel., ton	85.00	Wheat, ton	87.50
Corn, cracked, ton	80.00	Middlings, ton	64.00 to 65.00
Barley, ton	54.00 to 55.00	Hay, wheat, ton	35.00 to 40.00
Brans, ton	57.50 to 58.00	Hay, alfalfa, ton	38.00
Scratch Feed, ton	80.00		

WEEKLY MARKET LETTER

October 5, 1917.

The price of island eggs has dropped a little during the week and are more plentiful than they have been for the past two months. The price of poultry remains about the same as it was last week.

Maui red beans have sold well during the week and the price has advanced a trifle. A shipment of island Irish potatoes was received from Wahiawa and sold for three twenty-five hundred pounds.

found in the United States. As far as individual merit is concerned, they would be hard to beat in any competition on the mainland. Considering that the live stock industry is only in its infancy, the results so far obtained are simply marvelous and goes to show that we are fast nearing the time when we can supply our own demand for pure bred registered stock.

Forage Display
Another exhibit at the Hilo County Fair of considerable interest and economic importance was the display of various kinds of forage raised on the different homesteads, particularly those of Hilo, Maui. Various varieties of equines were represented, the beans being made into coarsely and finely ground meals and the roughage into baled hay with a palatability and nutritive value equal to if not greater than alfalfa. Already experiments have shown that all-horse stock prefer these hays to those imported from California, which they only eat when there is nothing else. This new industry could seem to open another avenue of profit to the homesteader.

In passing it may be said that the County Fair has come to stay. It has done much and will do more to promote and develop the various industries established here and to put this Territory on a self supporting basis. The idea of having a Territorial Fair at regular intervals as so strongly advocated at the last Civic Convention, is now in the right direction and should receive the unqualified support of all.

EXAMINATIONS FOR LIGHTHOUSE SERVICE

Applicants Must Be Citizens of
United States

An examination to establish a register of eligibles from which appointments may be made to fill positions of first and second assistant engineers, will be held by the Civil Service Board of Engineers for the Nineteenth Lighthouse District, in this city on October 15. The pay for first assistant engineer is \$1200 a year, with additional pay of five percent during the fiscal year 1918, while the pay for the second assistant engineer is \$1080 a year, with additional pay of ten percent for the fiscal year 1918.

The examinations will be graded on the basis of ten, four being given for physical ability and six for experience. Civil service blanks properly filled out by the applicant and submitted in person or by mail, constitute the examination. All applicants must be citizens of the United States, twenty-one years of age or over.

Application blanks may be obtained on applying to the office of the Lighthouse Inspector, 311 McCandless Building, or to John W. Short, district secretary for the Civil Service Commission.

OLD W. G. HALL IS NOW BEING DISMANTLED

The boilers were being removed from the old Inter-Island steamer W. G. Hall, at the new wharf at the entrance to Kalihui Channel, yesterday morning. The vessel is being dismantled and put out of commission.

NATIONAL GUARD TO GO INTO CAMP BY NOVEMBER FIFTEEN

Hundred and Thirty-five Thou-
sand Dollars Arrives To Pay
the Training Cost

EXACT DATE FOR THE
MOBILIZATION UNKNOWN

Call Is For Fortnight Which
Many Expect To See Extended
Into "Period of War"

Close to November 15 the entire brigade of the Hawaiian National Guard will march from the army on Hotel Street to the Oahu Railway depot and there entrain for "Somewhere in Schofield Barracks" to go into camp for fifteen days. Authorization was received yesterday from Washington in the very practical shape of a notification that \$135,000 has been placed to the credit of Major J. W. Short, Hawaiian National Guard, Quartermaster and disbursing officer.

This notification of funds being made available to the local guard indicates that Major Short's accounts and estimates were received at Washington this week, checked up and O. K'd, and that his bond for \$135,000 was approved, and automatically this amount was placed at his disposal.

Transport Plans
Major Short and Major Camara, the latter the permanent assistant supply officer of the guard, are working steadily on plans for the transportation of the Second Regiment from the outer islands. The first battalion and headquarters of this regiment are at Hilo and on the Big Island; the second battalion on Maui, and the third battalion on Kauai. The shipping laws regarding passenger limitations have to be considered, and while troops may be brought in a Matson vessel from Hilo and Maui, the Inter-Island Company is expected to provide additional steamers for the transportation of a good many.

The entire national guard strength to go into camp will be in the neighborhood of 3,000 men.

The rumor persists among the men that when they go into camp the fifteen days may stretch into an indefinite period.

A conference is planned for this week between General Wimer, U. S. A., Hawaiian department commander, and General Samuel Johnson, Hawaiian National Guard, to determine upon the date for the encampment and other details concerning the movement of the troops.

BONUS MONEY MAY BUY LIBERTY BONDS

Suggestion Is Made That Cam-
paigns Should Be Carried
Into Ranks of Laborers

Plans to interest the plantation laborers in the Territory in the purchase of Liberty Bonds with their bonus money was suggested to the Liberty Loan executive committee yesterday by John Guild, treasurer of Alexander & Baldwin. The committee approved of the suggestion and will endeavor to get results on the line.

The estimated bonus payment for the present year is more than \$4,500,000 for the whole Territory, and \$1,000,000 for the plantations for which Alexander & Baldwin is the agency. For even the lowest paid laborers the bonus payment in past years has been between fifty and one hundred dollars. This is given out in a lump sum in cash, and if proper explanation and encouragement were given it is possible that a large proportion of laborers might put their bonus money in a Liberty Bond instead of spending it recklessly as some have heretofore done.

Orientation Favor Plan
S. Aoki of the Japanese committee and Charles A. Wong of the Chinese committee were interviewed in regard to the plan by members of the committee, and expressed themselves as heartily in favor of making the effort. A number of special folders and other literature will be translated into Chinese and Japanese for distribution by the publicity committee to the laborers on all plantations.

Treasury bulletins, bank notices, winnow cards, and post card pledges were received yesterday by the committee in six sacks of mail. R. F. Steyer, executive secretary, will be at the chamber of commerce tomorrow morning after ten o'clock to distribute the literature to companies or individuals who may apply.

Delivery November 15
Delivery of the bonds may be made on November 15 to those who have paid cash for their bonds in amount not to exceed \$1,000. In case of full payment not being made with the application, it can be completed on November 15 or other dates of installment payments. For any bonds not paid for at the time of application accrued interest must be repaid by the purchaser.

Right is reserved by the government to allot additional bonds up to one-half the amount of any oversubscription. Every subscriber for bonds in amount not more than \$1,000 will receive the full amount subscribed for. Larger applications are subject to allotment. The circular states that delivery of the bonds will be made promptly upon the completion of payments.

AN AID TO DIGESTION.

When you have a fullness and weight in the stomach after eating too much, and should take one of Chamberlain's Tablets to aid your digestion. For sale by all dealers. Pearson, Smith & Co., Ltd. Agents for Hawaii.—Advertisement.